CITY OF HALSTAD HALSTAD, MINNESOTA

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

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CITY OF HALSTAD ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2016

CITY COUNCIL

Ronald Gotteberg	Mayor	12/31/16
Shane Carlson	Vice Mayor/Trustee	12/31/18
Veronica Dye	Clerk-Treasurer	12/31/18
Tom Maroney	Trustee	12/31/16
Renae Horning	Trustee	12/31/16
	UTILITIES COMMISSION	
Tom Maroney	President	12/31/18
Steve Rude	Secretary	12/31/16
Darin Johnson	Commission Member	12/31/17
Lucas Spaeth	Utilities Superintendent	Appointed



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor, City Council and Clerk-Treasurer City of Halstad Halstad, Minnesota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Halstad, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion UnitsType of OpinionGovernmental ActivitiesQualifiedBusiness-Type ActivitiesUnmodifiedGeneral FundUnmodifiedTax Increment DistrictUnmodifiedPublic Service Utility FundUnmodifiedAggregate Remaining Fund InformationUnmodified

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

Management has not adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* for the Halstad Fire Relief Association. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for defined benefit pension plans have an actuarial study to determine the effect on net position. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position has not been determined.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Governmental Activities of the City of Halstad as of December 31, 2016, and the changes in the financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Halstad, Minnesota, as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Correction of Misstatement

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the 2015 financial statements have been restated to correct a misstatement. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of City's contribution to PERA retirement fund, and schedule of City's and non-employer proportionate share of the net pension liability information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

The City of Halstad has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Halstad's basic financial statements. The schedule of operating revenues and expenses – public utility departments and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule of operating revenues and expenses – public utility departments is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The statistical section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Requirements by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our reported dated February 21, 2017 on our consideration of the City of Halstad, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Halstad, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C. GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA

February 21, 2017

Forady Martz

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 520,811	\$ 694,030	\$ 1,214,841
Accounts receivable	2,498	172,305	174,803
Internal balances	(66,257)	66,257	-
Taxes receivable	25,538	-	25,538
Inventories		40,748	40,748
Total current assets	482,590	973,340	1,455,930
Non-current assets:			
Nondepreciable capital assets:			
Land	37,510	11,168	48,678
Construction in progress	12,055	2,621	14,676
Depreciable capital assets:			
Infrastructure	725,000	_	725,000
Building, improvements, and equipment	1,131,110	4,260,339	5,391,449
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,021,959)	(1,986,673)	(3,008,632)
Total capital assets (net of			
accumulated depreciation)	883,716	2,287,455	3,171,171
Total assets	1,366,306	3,260,795	4,627,101
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Cost sharing defined benefit pension plan	_	121,483	121,483
Total deferred outflows of resources			
rotal deferred outflows of resources	-	121,483	121,483
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	5,830	97,846	103,676
Accrued employee benefits	672	14,206	14,878
Note payable - due within one year	2,500	-	2,500
Customer deposits		19,525	19,525
Total current liabilities	9,002	131,577	140,579
Long-term liabilities			
Note Payable	39,700	_	39,700
Net pension liability	-	292,302	292,302
Total long-term liabilities	39,700	292,302	332,002
Total liabilities	48,702	423,879	472,581
	,. 02		
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Cost sharing defined benefit pension plan		37,837	37,837
Total deferred inflows of resources		37,837	37,837
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	883,716	2,287,455	3,171,171
Unrestricted	433,888	633,107	1,066,995
Total net position	\$ 1,317,604	\$ 2,920,562	\$ 4,238,166

See Notes to the Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

					Net (Expense) R	evenue and Change	es in Net Position	
			Program Reven	ues		Primary Government		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Primary government Governmental activities: General government Public safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation	\$ 58,459 184,555 116,479 62,027	17,852 - 	3,057	1,900 - 	\$ (31,312) (161,746) (116,479) (62,027)	\$ - - - -	\$ (31,312) (161,746) (116,479) (62,027)	
Total governmental activities	421,520	31,996	16,060	1,900	(371,564)		(371,564)	
Business-type activities: Public service utilities John Wimmer homes Sunrise apartments	1,337,158 24,695 62,522	1,331,702 36,413 66,877	1,213	- - -	- - -	(4,243) 11,718 4,355	(4,243) 11,718 4,355	
Total business-type activities	1,424,375	1,434,992	1,213			11,830	11,830	
Total primary government	\$ 1,845,895	\$1,466,988	\$ 17,273	\$ 1,900	(371,564)	11,830	(359,734)	
			General revenues:					
			Property taxes	ı	185,080 200,239	-	185,080 200,239	
			Intergovernmenta Interest	I	200,239	3,347	4,259	
			Insurance Procee	ds	-	8,818	8,818	
			Miscellaneous		8,957	-	8,957	
			Transfers		7,500	(7,500)		
			Total general re	venues	402,688	4,665	407,353	
			Changes in net positi	on	31,124	16,495	47,619	
			Net position - beginning	ng	1,318,557	2,904,067	4,222,624	
			Prior period adjustme	ent - see Note 15	(32,077)		(32,077)	
			Net position - beginning	ng as restated	1,286,480	2,904,067	4,190,547	
			Net position - ending		\$ 1,317,604	\$ 2,920,562	\$ 4,238,166	

See Notes to the Financial Statements

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

	 General	Tax Increment District		Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Taxes receivable	\$ 508,475 2,498 105,910 25,539	\$	12,335 - - -	\$	520,810 2,498 105,910 25,539
Total assets	\$ 642,422	\$	12,335	\$	654,757
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued employee benefits Due to other funds Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 5,830 672 18,787 25,289 25,539	\$	153,380 153,380 -	\$	5,830 672 172,167 178,669 25,539
Fund balance Assigned for housing rehab program Unassigned Total fund balance	 14,321 577,273 591,594		- (141,045) (141,045)		14,321 436,228 450,549
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 642,422	\$	12,335	\$	654,757

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

Total governmental funds balance	\$	450,549
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	•	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the governmental fund.		
Capital assets \$ 1,905,675		
Accumulated depreciation (1,021,959)		883,716
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the governmental funds.		
Property taxes		25,539
Long-term liabilities not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not included in the funds:		
Notes payable	_	(42,200)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	1,317,604

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	(General		Tax Increment District		Total vernmental Funds
Revenues	_					
Property taxes	\$	162,237	\$	13,467	\$	175,704
Special assessments	*	3,057	•	-	*	3,057
Licenses and permits		237		-		237
Intergovernmental		201,916		-		201,916
Charges for services		21,527		-		21,527
Fines and penalties		1,554		-		1,554
Interest		904		8		912
Contributions and donations		13,003		-		13,003
Rents		1,750		-		1,750
Reimbursements and refunds		5,982		-		5,982
Miscellaneous	_	7,400		-		7,400
Total receipts		419,567		13,475		433,042
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		42,063		1,100		43,163
Public safety		135,194		-		135,194
Highways and streets		46,732		-		46,732
Culture and recreation		42,904		-		42,904
Capital outlay		118,112		-		118,112
Debt service:						
Principal		-		2,500		2,500
Interest and other charges	_			4,033		4,033
Total disbursements		385,005		7,633		392,638
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		34,562		5,842		40,404
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)		7,500		-		7,500
Proceeds from sale of asset		2,500		-		2,500
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	10,000		-		10,000
Net change in fund balance		44,562		5,842		50,404
Fund balance - beginning, as previously reported		534,409	((146,887)		387,522
Prior period adjustment - see Note 15	_	12,623		-		12,623
Fund balance - beginning as restated		547,032	((146,887)		400,145
Fund balance - ending	\$	591,594	\$ ((141,045)	\$	450,549

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	50,404
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay		118,112
Current year depreciation		(122,185)
Net effect of trade of capital asset		(27,084)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment is shown as a reduction in long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		2,500
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources		
are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. Taxes receivable		9,377
Changes in net position	<u>\$</u>	31,124

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Major Fund	Nonmaj		
	Public Service Utilities Fund	John Wimmer Homes	Sunrise Apartments	Totals
Assets	-	-	· '	
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Inventories	\$ 564,139 166,881 70,120 40,748	\$ 82,398 3,347 - 	\$ 47,493 2,077 - -	\$ 694,030 172,305 70,120 40,748
Total current assets	841,888	85,745	49,570	977,203
Capital assets Land Construction in progress Building, improvements, and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	2,646 2,621 4,002,881 (1,778,888)	3,522 - 142,458 (132,268)	5,000 - 115,000 (75,517)	11,168 2,621 4,260,339 (1,986,673)
Total capital assets	2,229,260	13,712	44,483	2,287,455
Total assets	3,071,148	99,457	94,053	3,264,658
Deferred outflows of resources Cost sharing defined benefit pension plan Total deferred outflows of resources	121,483 121,483			121,483 121,483
Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued employee benefits Due to other funds Customer deposits	97,802 14,206 - 10,525	2 - 746 4,600	42 - 3,117 4,400	97,846 14,206 3,863 19,525
Total current liabilities Long-term liabilities Net pension liability Total long-term liabilities	122,533 292,302 292,302	5,348	7,559	135,440 292,302 292,302
Total Liabilities	414,835	5,348	7,559	427,742
Deferred inflows of resources Cost sharing defined benefit pension plan Total deferred inflows of resources	37,837 37,837			37,837 37,837
Net position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	2,229,260 510,699	13,712 80,397	44,483 42,011	2,287,455 633,107
Total net position	\$ 2,739,959	\$ 94,109	\$ 86,494	\$ 2,920,562

See Notes to the Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Major Fund	Nonmaj		
	Public Service	John Wimmer	Sunrise	
	Utilities Fund	Homes	Apartments	Totals
Operating revenue				
Charges for services	\$ 1,204,298	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,204,298
City departments - energy	16,217	-	-	16,217
City departments - administration fee	14,842	-	-	14,842
Penalties	10,211	- 25 200	- 64.710	10,211
Rentals Generator revenue	79,509	35,390	64,710	100,100 79,509
Other	6,625	1,023	2,167	9,815
Total operating revenue	1,331,702	36,413	66,877	1,434,992
. •	1,001,102	00,110	00,011	1,101,002
Operating expenses	000 000			000 000
Electric energy purchased Sewer waste disposal	692,092 12,094	-	-	692,092 12,094
Salaries and wages	194,283	2,651	9,577	206,511
Heat, light and power	104,200	4,065	14,213	18,278
Repairs, maintenance and supplies	49,326	11,265	17,672	78,263
Professional services	6,275	-	-	6,275
Insurance	15,843	2,259	7,911	26,013
Payroll taxes and employee benefits	87,655	-	-	87,655
Depreciation	115,829	1,848	4,600	122,277
Dumpster rent and pickup	55,298	-	-	55,298
Generator expense Other	40,004 68,459	- 2,607	- 8,549	40,004 79,615
Total operating expenses	1,337,158	24,695	62,522	1,424,375
Operating income (loss)	(5,456)	11,718	4,355	10,617
Non-operating revenues				
Grant proceeds	1,213	-	-	1,213
Interest income	3,273	74	-	3,347
Insurance proceeds			8,818	8,818
Total non-operating revenues	4,486	74	8,818	13,378
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	(970)	11,792	13,173	23,995
Transfers in (out)	(7,500)			(7,500)
Change in net position	(8,470)	11,792	13,173	16,495
Net position, beginning	2,748,429	82,317	73,321	2,904,067
Net position, ending	\$ 2,739,959	\$ 94,109	\$ 86,494	\$ 2,920,562

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Ma	jor Fund		Nonmajor Funds				
		ic Service ies Fund	Jo	hn Wimmer Homes		Sunrise partments		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(1	,335,661 ,022,908) (176,772) 135,981	\$	33,526 (20,228) (2,651) 10,647	\$	65,144 (48,638) (9,577) 6,929		1,434,331 1,091,774) (189,000) 153,557
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchases of capital assets Grant proceeds for capital asset Insurance proceeds for capital asset Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(12,095) 1,213 - (10,882)		- - - -		8,818 8,818	_	(12,095) 1,213 8,818 (2,064)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Change in due to/from other funds Transfers to other funds Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(5,080) (7,500) (12,580)		5,124 - 5,124		(3,877)	_	(3,833) (7,500) (3,833)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest income Net cash provided (used) by investing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, January 1		3,273 3,273 115,792 448,347		74 74 15,845 66,553		11,870 35,623	_	3,347 3,347 151,007
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$	564,139	\$	82,398	\$	47,493	\$	550,523 694,030
Reconciliation of net operating income to Net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	\$	(5,456)	\$	11,718	\$	4,355	\$	10,617
cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation expense Change in assets and liabilities:		115,829		1,848		4,600		122,277
Accounts receivable Inventories Deferred pension outflows		3,259 2,271 (95,512)		(2,487)		(1,483)		(711) 2,271 (95,512)
Accounts payable Accrued expenses Customer deposits		4,341 (2,474) 700		(32) - (400)		(293) - (250)		4,016 (2,474) 50
Net pension liability Deferred pension inflows Total adjustments		105,731 7,292 141,437		- - (1,071)		- - 2,574		105,731 7,292 142,940
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	135,981	\$	10,647	\$	6,929	\$	153,557

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Halstad operates under a City Council form of government. The financial statements of the City of Halstad have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the City include those of independently administered organizations of which guardianship responsibility falls on the City. Guardianship responsibility is determined on the basis of taxing powers, budget authority, appointment of governing Board members, designation of management, and fiscal accountability including a guaranteed or moral responsibility for debt.

Based on the preceding criteria, there are no component units to be reported.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, net position, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The City has the following funds:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

1) Governmental Fund Types

Governmental fund types are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used; current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they are paid; and the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities, the fund equity, is referred to as "fund balance". The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following comprise the City's major governmental funds:

- a) General Fund The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. Many of the more important activities of the City, including operation of the City's general service departments such as public safety, are accounted for in this fund.
- b) Tax Increment District The Tax Increment Financing District No. 2 was established to acquire, demolish and develop two downtown lots into a dental office and parking lot. The financing cost of this project will be paid by future tax collections.

2) Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary fund types are used to account for a government's ongoing organizations and activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position, and cash flows.

Enterprise Fund Types are used to finance and account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the City's facilities and services, which are supported primarily by user charges. The following is the City's major enterprise fund:

a) Utilities Fund – To account for the operation and maintenance of the City's water, electric, sewage and refuse disposal departments.

The City reports the following non-major Enterprise funds:

- a) John Wimmer Homes This fund is used to account for the operations of the John Wimmer Homes Fund.
- b) Sunrise Apartments This fund is used to account for the operations of the Sunrise Apartment Fund.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Proprietary Fund financial statements.

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

Governmental Fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the City; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded and the availability criteria. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure, and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt, or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, charges for sales and services (other than utility), and miscellaneous revenues are generally recorded as revenue when received in cash, because they are generally not measurable until actually received. In the category of use of money and property, property rentals are recorded as revenue when received in cash, but investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are measurable and available.

Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time an enforceable legal claim is established. Property taxes are considered available if received within 60 days of year-end.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

E. Budgets

The City submits a proposed budget and levy to the County Auditor's office by September 15. Truth in Taxation public hearings are held in December. The City must prepare a final budget and certify the levy to the County by December 31. A copy of the final budget and prior year revenue and expenditures must be submitted to the State Auditor's office.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash balances from all funds are combined and invested to the extent available in authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated to respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund. Investments for the City are reported at fair value.

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and investments with original maturities of three months or less.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, including land, construction in process, buildings, improvements, infrastructure, and equipment assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business- type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City of Halstad as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an initial useful life of one year or greater. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Buildings, improvements, infrastructure and equipment assets are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20-40 Years
Building Improvements	25 Years
Plant and Equipment	7-50 Years
Office Equipment	7 Years
Infrastructure	25 Years

H. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market and consist of consumable supplies. The cost of these supplies is recorded as an expense at the time they are relieved from inventory for use. Inventories are determined by actual count and priced on the first-in, first-out basis.

I. Inter-fund Transactions

Transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to City government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions, which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it, which are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

Transactions, which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which the revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective funds' operating statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" or "advances to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Non-current portions of long-term inter-fund loan receivables are reported as advances within the Governmental Funds, and are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources, and therefore, are not available for appropriation.

J. Compensated Absences

City employee's having less than 10 years of consecutive full-time service shall earn vacation leave at the rate of 1 working day for each calendar month of full-time service. Each permanent employee with at least 10 consecutive years of full-time service shall earn vacation leave at the rate of 1 and ½ working days for each calendar month of full-time service.

An employee may accrue vacation leave to a maximum of 30 days. Any days over 30 will be paid at the employee's hourly wage providing one week's worth of vacation was taken during the calendar year. At no time shall an employee be permitted to cash out vacation time to collect money if they have less than 30 days accrued.

Any employee leaving the municipal service in good standing after giving proper notice of such termination of employment shall be compensated for vacation leave accrued and unused to the date of separation.

Every probationary and permanent employee is entitled to sick leave with pay at the rate of 1 day for each calendar month of full-time service or major fraction thereof. Sick leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 200 days. Each employee has the option of after 60 days of accrued sick leave to take \$5/day in exchange for the additional sick leave days.

For Proprietary Fund types, these accumulations are recorded as expenses and liabilities of the appropriate fund in the fiscal year earned.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resource (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one item reported on the statement of net position as *cost sharing defined benefit pension plan*, which represents actuarial differences with the PERA pension plan as well as amounts paid to the plans after the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one of which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are unavailable and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also has one item reported on the statement of net position as *cost sharing defined benefit pension* plan, which represents actuarial differences with the PERA pension plan.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the City's financial statements. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any long-term debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Restricted Net Position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted Net Position is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose for both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

N. Fund Balance

The City follows GASB Statement No.54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints and the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable – consists of amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaid items) or are required to be maintained intact.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

Restricted – consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed – consists of amounts constrained to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned – consists of amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose. These constraints are established by the Council and/or management. The Council delegates the power to assign fund balances to the City Clerk.

Unassigned – consists of amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reporting only in the general fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to first use restricted resources, and then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use resources in the following order; 1) committed, 2) assigned and 3) unassigned.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota laws require all public deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, federal land bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of Minnesota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the State of Minnesota, whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or such other securities approved by the banking Board.

At December 31, 2016, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$1,214,841 and the bank balance was \$1,237,128. Of the bank balances, \$500,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance and \$737,128 was covered by pledged collateral.

NOTE 3 TAXES RECEIVABLE

Property tax levies are set by the City Council in October each year and are certified to the county for collection the following year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

The County spreads the levies over all taxable property in the City. Such taxes become receivables of the City as of January 1. Property taxes are payable in equal installments by property owners to the county as follows: Personal Property - February 28 and June 30; and Real Property - May 15 and October 15.

The County remits the collections to the City and other taxing districts three times a year, in January, July and December. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as taxes receivable. The receivable is fully offset by deferred revenue as it is not available to finance current expenditures.

Special assessments are levied against the benefited properties for the assessable costs of special assessment improvement projects in accordance with Minnesota Statutes. The City usually adopts the assessment rolls when the individual projects are complete or substantially complete. The assessments are collectible over a term of years generally consistent with the term of years of the related bond issue.

Collection of annual installments (including interest) is handled by the County in the same manner as property taxes. Property owners are allowed to prepay total future installments without interest or prepayment penalties.

Special assessments receivable includes the following components:

<u>Unremitted</u> – Amounts collected by Norman County and not remitted to the City.

<u>Delinquent</u> – Amounts billed to property owners but not paid.

Deferred – Assessment installments which will be billed to property owners in future years.

NOTE 4 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Utility billings receivables are carried at the original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts on a monthly basis. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by identifying troubled accounts and by using historical experience applied to an aging of accounts. Utility billings receivables are written off when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of receivables previously written off are recorded when received. A utility billing receivable is considered to be past due if any portion of the receivable balance is outstanding for more than 30 days. Resident accounts receivable are carried at original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts on a monthly basis.

Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by identifying troubled accounts and by using historical experience applied to an aging of accounts. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by regularly evaluating individual resident receivables and considering a resident's financial condition, credit history, and current economic conditions. Resident receivables are written off when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of receivables previously written off are recorded when received. Management currently considers all patient accounts receivable to be collectable, thus no allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided.

CITY OF HALSTAD NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of governmental and business type capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2016:

Governmental Type Activities	Balance 1/1/16	Increases	Decreases	Balance 12/31/16
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Construction In progress Total capital assets	\$ 17,322 	\$ 20,188 12,055	\$ - -	\$ 37,510 12,055
not being depreciated	17,322	32,243		49,565
Capital assets, being depreciated Infrastructure Building Equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation	725,000 193,784 886,785 1,805,569 (908,017)	85,869 85,869 (122,185)	(35,328) (35,328) 8,243	725,000 193,784 937,326 1,856,110 (1,021,959)
Governmental activities capital assets, being depreciated, net	897,552	(36,316)	(27,085)	834,151
Total capital assets, net	\$ 914,874	\$ (4,073)	\$ (27,085)	\$ 883,716

Depreciation expense was charged to government functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 11,397
Highways and Streets	30,681
Culture and Recreation	13,989
Public Safety	 66,118
	\$ 122,185

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Balance			Balance
Business Type Activities	1/1/16	Increases	Decreases	12/31/16
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 11,168	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,168
Construction in progress		2,621		2,621
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	11,168	2,621		13,789
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Water	1,220,262	3,694	-	1,223,956
Sewer	922,049	-	-	922,049
Electric	1,701,888	-	-	1,701,888
General utilities	149,208	5,780	-	154,988
Sunrise Apartments	115,000	-	-	115,000
Wimmer Homes	142,458			142,458
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	4,250,865	9,474	-	4,260,339
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,864,396)	(122,277)		(1,986,673)
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated, net	2,386,469	(112,803)		2,273,666
Total capital assets net	\$ 2,397,637	<u>\$ (110,182</u>)	\$ -	\$ 2,287,455

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Water	\$ 28,508
Sewer	17,724
Electric	66,709
General utilities	2,888
Sunrise Apartments	4,600
Wimmer Homes	 1,848
	\$ 122,277

NOTE 6 COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences for the City are as follows:

								Due
	Е	Balance	New		Е	Balance	١	Within
	0.	1/01/16	Issues	 Retired	1:	2/31/16	O	ne Year
Compensated Absences	\$	16,680	\$ 14,100	\$ (16,574)	\$	14,206	\$	14,206

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE

Substantially, all employees of the City are required by state law to belong to a pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) which is administered on a statewide basis.

Disclosures relating to these plans follow:

Public Employees Retirement Association

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1. General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state legislature.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. Members in plans that are at least 90% funded for two consecutive years are given 2.5% increases. Members in plans that have not exceeded 90% funded, or have fallen below 80%, are given 1% increases.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. General Employees Plan

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2% of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7% for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2% of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7% for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7% of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7% for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

1. General Employees Fund Contributions

Basic plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.1% and 6.50%, respectively, of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2016. The City was required to contribute 11.78% of pay for Basic Plan members and 7.50% for Coordinated Plan members in calendar year 2016. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2016, were \$17,259. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

D. Pension Costs

At December 31, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$292,302 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$6 million to the fund in 2016. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$1,155. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2016, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportion share was 0.0036% which was the same as its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$17,823 for its proportionate share of General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$1,155 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$6 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2016, the City reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
economic experience	-	\$ 23,745
Changes in actuarial assumptions	57,233	-
Difference between projected and actual		
investment earnings	55,481	-
Changes in proportion	-	14,092
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to		
the measurement date	8,769	-
Total	\$ 121,483	\$ 37,837

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

\$8,769 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	Pension Expense Amount
2017	\$ (18,044)
2018	(18,044)
2019	(28,229)
2020	(10,560)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Active Member Payroll Growth 3.25% per year

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors and disabilitants were based on RP-2014 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1% per year for all future years.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the General Employees Plan was completed in 2015

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2016.

General Employees Fund

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Stocks	45.00%	5.50%
International Stocks	15.00%	6.00%
Bonds	18.00%	1.45%
Alternative Assets	20.00%	6.40%
Cash	2.00%	0.50%

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2016 was 7.5%, a reduction from 7.9% used in 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.5%)	Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.5%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$ 415,156	\$ 292,302	\$ 191,104

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

I. Halstad Firefighters' Relief Association

Plan Description

The City remits a state aid payment to the Halstad Firefighters' Relief Association (Association), a single-employer public retirement system that acts as an administrator for volunteer firefighters. All volunteer firefighters of the City are members of the Halstad Fire Department Relief Association. Retiring individuals receive a lump sum distribution in an amount equal to their respective account. The minimum retirement age is 50 and members are fully vested after 20 years. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are consistent with state statutes.

Funding Policy

The City passes through state aids allocated to the plan in accordance with state statutes. The state aid was \$14,230 for 2016.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

Ten-Year Historical Trend Information

Ten-year historical trend information is available in the association's financial reports.

Related Party Investments

As of December 31, 2016, and for the fiscal year then ended, the association held no securities issued by the City or other related parties.

The City has elected not to implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as it relates to the Halstad Firefighters' Relief Association.

NOTE 8 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

One council member of the City of Halstad is covered by the Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The Defined Contribution Plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapter 353D.03, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5% of salary which is matched by the elected official's employer. For ambulance service personnel, employer contributions are determined by the employer, and for salaried employees, employee contributions must be a fixed percentage of salary. Employer contributions for volunteer personnel may be a unit value for each call or period of alert duty. Employees who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2 percent of employer contributions and twenty-five hundredths of one percent (0.0025) of the assets in each member's account annually.

Total contributions made by the City during fiscal year 2016 were:

Contributio	on Amount	Percentage of	Required	
Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer	Rates
\$390	\$390	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 9 COMMITTED CONTRACTS

The City of Halstad is a member of the Northern Municipal Power Agency. The Power Agency was incorporated on December 14, 1976, and is a municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Minnesota composed of ten Minnesota and two North Dakota cities. The Power Agency was organized for the purpose of providing its members with electrical power pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Section 453. The Power Agency has issued Electrical System Revenue Bonds to finance the purchase of a 30% interest in the Coyote Station Unit No. 1 electrical generating plant near Beulah, North Dakota. Under the Statute, the bonds are not the obligation of the member cities, but of Northern Municipal Power Agency and are secured and payable solely from the revenues from the sale of electricity to member cities and to Minnkota Power Cooperative, Inc.

NOTE 10 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2016, is as follows:

Transfers:

Transer In	Transfer Out		ount
General Fund	Public Service Utilities Fund	\$	7,500

The transfer to the general fund was to contribute to City beautification expenses.

Due from / to other funds:

Receivable	Payable	Amount
General Fund	Tax Increment District	\$ 105,910
Public Service Utilities Fund	General Fund	18,787
Public Service Utilities Fund	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	3,863
Public Service Utilities Fund	Tax Increment District	47,470
		\$ 176,030

The Tax Increment Redevelopment District has a loan payable for development costs that will start to be paid back when taxes are collected to the public service utilities fund. The loan has an annual interest rate of 5%, and a balance of \$47,470 at December 31, 2016. The tax increment district also has a loan to the general fund due to cash shortages in the implementation of the district – this too will be paid back once the district generates tax income.

The remaining receivables are due to operating expenses at year end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 11 LONG-TERM DEBT

The City of Halstad issued debt on November 1, 2008 in the amount of \$53,200 payable to the Halstad Telephone Company with an interest rate of 3.00% and maturity date of February 3, 2026. During the year ended December 31, 2016, the following changes occurred in the liability reported in long-term debt:

Balance			Balance	Due Within
12/31/15	Additions	Reductions	12/31/16	One Year
44,700	_	2,500	42,200	2,500

The debt service requirements for the government's note is as follows:

Year Ending					
December 31,	Ρ	rincipal	Ir	terest	Total
2017	\$	2,500	\$	1,266	\$ 3,766
2018		2,500		1,191	3,691
2019		3,000		1,116	4,116
2020		3,500		1,026	4,526
2021		3,500		921	4,421
2022-2026		20,500		3,141	23,641
2027		2,200		66	 2,266
	\$	37,700	\$	8,727	\$ 46,427

NOTE 12 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the City was required to implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 (GASB 45), Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions for its year ended December 31, 2009. In Minnesota, public entities are required to make health and dental benefits offered to employees available to retirees. Under Minn. Stat. section 471.61, subd. 2b, public entities cannot create a separate insurance group for retirees. Therefore, the City subsidizes premiums for retirees through an implicit rate subsidy. At December 31, 2016, the City has 5 employees and no retirees participating in its health and dental plans.

Management has elected not to adopt GASB 45 and obtain an actuary calculation of the liability and expenses associated with the implicit rate subsidy. As a result, the City's liabilities and expenses are understated by an immaterial amount at December 31, 2016.

NOTE 13 FUND BALANCE DEFICIT

There was a deficit fund balance of \$141,045 in the tax increment district fund as of December 31, 2016. This will be funded through tax levies and general fund transfers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units and Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criteria require blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, provides recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. This Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this Statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This Statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67 and No.* 73, provides further guidance regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. This Statement amends GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 to require the presentation of covered payroll to be defined as the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based, rather than the payroll of employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. It also establishes disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.

Management has not yet determined the effect these statements will have on the City's financial statements.

NOTE 15 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

For the year ended December 31, 2016, prior period adjustments were made to record a CD obtained by the fire department for \$12,623, restating general fund balance at December 31, 2015 from \$534,409 to \$547,032 and to record debt owed to the Halstad Telephone Company for \$44.700. As a result, beginning net position has been restated to reflect the adjustments as of January 1, 2016 as follows:

	Government-Wide Net Assets		
Net Position January 1, 2016, as previously reported	\$	1,318,557	
Restatement for:			
Fire department CD		12,623	
Halstad Telephone Company debt		(44,700)	
Net Position January 1, 2016, as restated	\$	1,286,480	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		iginal and al Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues General property taxes Special assessments Licenses and permits		171,598 2,000 1,100 174,698	\$	162,237 3,057 237 165,531	\$	(9,361) 1,057 (863) (9,167)	
Intergovernmental revenues Local government aid Fire relief association aid	_	186,009 14,000 200,009		187,686 14,230 201,916		1,677 230 1,907	
Charges for services Fire protection fees Snow removal	_	15,000 1,500 16,500	_	17,852 3,675 21,527		2,852 2,175 5,027	
Fines and penalties		2,000		1,554		(446)	
Miscellaneous revenues Gifts and donations Interest on investments Reimbursements and refunds Café rent Other		1,000 10,000 300 2,300 13,600		13,003 904 5,982 1,750 7,400 29,039		13,003 (96) (4,018) 1,450 5,100 15,439	
Total revenues		406,807		419,567		12,760	
Expenditures General government Audit Assessment services Payroll expenses County assessment Insurance Supplies and other Capital outlay		6,500 3,000 16,793 2,700 5,800 9,000 20,000		6,545 5,651 17,431 2,408 4,589 5,439		(45) (2,651) (638) 292 1,211 3,561 20,000	
Total general government		63,793		42,063		21,730	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		ginal and			iance with
	Fina	al Budget	 Actual	Final Budget	
Public safety					
Police protection					
Contracted service	\$	29,000	\$ 27,394	\$	1,606
Insurance		565	478		87
Animal control		1,000	-		1,000
Other		11,000	14,006		(3,006)
		41,565	 41,878		(313)
Fire protection					
Volunteers compensation		8,000	6,658		1,342
Equipment and repairs		10,000	11,696		(1,696)
Hydrant rental		1,850	1,850		-
Telephone and utilities		6,000	5,345		655
County assessment		800	772		28
Insurance		5,256	4,662		594
Other expense		1,000	245		755
Education and training		10,000	8,858		1,142
Grant expense		-	14,700		(14,700)
Firemen's relief association		16,000	16,420		(420)
Capital outlay		-	53,409		(53,409)
		58,906	124,615		(65,709)
Rescue squad					
Volunteers' compensation		6,500	7,848		(1,348)
Repairs		1,500	7,940		(6,440)
Telephone and utilities		3,000	2,868		132
Equipment expenses		6,800	1,359		5,441
Insurance		2,548	2,095		453
Other		500			500
		20,848	 22,110		(1,262)
Flood					
Capital outlay		2,000	13,009		(11,009)
		2,000	 13,009		(11,009)
Total public safety		123,319	 201,612		(78,293)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Highways and streets	Tillal Baaget	7101441	T illai Baagot
• •	\$ 45,000	15 717	\$ 29,283
Streets and property maintenance		15,717	•
Equipment repair and maintenance	45,000	5,258	39,742
Snow removal	12,000	12,060	(60)
Street lighting	9,600	9,600	-
Tree removal and replacement	1,000	150	850
Insurance	4,500	3,820	680
Other	8,000	126	7,874
Capital outlay	15,000	31,506	(16,506)
Total highways and streets	140,100	78,238	61,862
Culture and recreation			
Recreation programs			
Park and other expense	7,000	11,243	(4,243)
Community building (LRC)	20,000	10,140	9,860
City beautification - projects	35,000	10,977	24,023
Meals program	1,500	_	1,500
Economic Development Association	6,000	6,000	-
Café building expense	3,000	4,297	(1,297)
Other	2,500	247	2,253
Capital outlay	_,,,,,	20,188	(20,188)
Total culture and recreation	75,000	63,092	11,908
Total expenditures	402,212	385,005	17,207
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	4,595	34,562	29,967
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out)	_	7,500	7,500
Sale of capital asset	_	2,500	2,500
·			
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,000	10,000
Net change in fund balance	4,595	44,562	39,967
Fund balance, beginning of year	534,409	534,409	-
Prior period adjustment - see Note 15	12,623	12,623	
Fund balance, beginning of year as restated	547,032	547,032	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 551,627	\$ 591,594	\$ 39,967

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
General property taxes	\$ 9,400	\$ 13,467	\$ 4,067
	9,400	13,467	4,067
Miscellaneous revenues			
Interest on investments	15	8	(7)
	15	8	(7)
Total revenues	9,415	13,475	4,060
Expenditures General Professional fees	1,000	1,100	(100)
	1,000	1,100	(100)
Debt Service	2 620	2.500	4 400
Principal Interest	3,628 4,032	2,500 4,033	1,128 (1)
morest	7,660	6,533	1,127
Total expenditures	8,660	7,633	1,027
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	755	5,842	5,087
Fund balance, beginning of year	(146,887)	(146,887)	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (146,132)	\$ (141,045)	\$ 5,087

CITY OF HALSTAD SCHEDULE OF CITY'S CONTRIBUTION TO PERA RETIREMENT FUND AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Year Ended	Relation to the Statutorily Required Statutorily Required Contributions Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)			City's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Pavroll		
•	2015	\$	16,343	\$ 16,343	\$	-	\$	217,909	7.50)%
	2016		17,259	17,259		-		230,113	7.50)%

The amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's year end, which is December 31st.

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 and 71 for its fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. Information for the prior years is not available.

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S AND NON-EMPLOYER PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Liability (Asset) as a City's Proportion of the City's Proportionate Percentage of its Position as a Percentage City's Covered-Net Pension Liability Share of the Net Pension Covered-employee of the Total Pension Liability (Asset) **Employee Payroll** Payroll Year Ended (Asset) Liability 0.0036% \$ 186.571 \$ 2015 206.893 90.2% 78.19%

The amounts presented for each year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability, which is June 30th.

223,987

130.5%

68.91%

292,302

2016

0.0036%

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 and 71 for its fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. Information for the prior years is not available.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY COMPARISON

Budgets are prepared for City funds on the same basis and using the same accounting practices that are used to account and prepare financial reports for the funds. Budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrance accounting is not utilized in the governmental funds of the City.

The budget is adopted through the passage of a resolution. Administration can authorize the transfer of budgeted amounts within any fund. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. The annual appropriated budget is not legally binding on the City unless the City has a deficit fund balance, which exceeds 2.5% of expenditures.

NOTE 2 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

General Employees Fund

2016 Changes:

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

2015 Changes:

Changes in Plan Provisions:

 On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2030 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES – PUBLIC UTILITY DEPARTMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

					;	Sewage Refuse		Refuse		
	Electric			Water		Disposal	Disposal			
	Departi	ment	De	partment		epartment	Department		Tot	tal
	-					•				
Operating revenues	Ф 000	. 507	Φ	440.005	Φ	4.40.057	Φ	00.540	# 4.00	4 000
Halstad consumers	-	3,527	\$	112,365	\$	142,857	\$	60,549	\$ 1,20	
City departments - energy		,067		2,010		3,140		-		6,217
City departments - administration fee		1,842		-		-		-		4,842
Penalties),211		-		=		-		0,211
Generator revenue),509 5,625		-		-		-		9,509
Other		0,023	_							6,625
Total operating revenues	1,010),781		114,375		145,997		60,549	1,33	1,702
Operating expenses										
Production and distribution										
Salaries	75	,820		13,770		21,514		-	11	1,104
Repair, maintenance and supplies		_		4,740		21,866		-		6,606
Electric energy purchased	692	2,092		· -		, -		_		2,092
Sewer waste disposal		-		-		12,094		-	1:	2,094
Depreciation	66	6,709		28,508		17,724		-	11:	2,941
Generator expenses	40	,004		-		-		-	4	0,004
Dumpster rent and pickup		-		-		-		55,298	5	5,298
Truck expense	7	,305		1,327		2,073		-	10	0,705
Miscellaneous and training	41	,202		14,617		4,550		<u>-</u>	6	0,369
Total production and distribution	923	3,132		62,962		79,821		55,298	1,12	1,213
General and administrative										
Salaries - administrative and office	27	7,727		27,726		27,726		-	8	3,179
General supplies and maintenance		-		1,340		6,182		-		7,522
Office supplies and postage	1	,497		1,498		1,498		-		4,493
Telephone	1	,525		1,524		1,524		-		4,573
Depreciation	1	,706		729		453		-		2,888
Professional fees and services	4	,283		1,519		473		-	(6,275
Insurance	10),811		1,964		3,068		-	1	5,843
PERA and social security	37	7,273		6,769		10,576		-	5	4,618
Miscellaneous	2	2,401		851		265		-	;	3,517
Employee insurance and other	22	2,544		4,095		6,398			3	3,037
Total general and administrative	109	,767		48,015		58,163			21	5,945
Total operating expenses	1,032	2,899		110,977		137,984		55,298	1,33	7,158
Operating income (loss)	\$ (22	2 <u>,118</u>)	\$	3,398	\$	8,013	\$	5,251	\$ (<u>5,456</u>)

CITY OF HALSTAD

UTILITY STATISTICS – ELECTRICAL UTILITIES STATISTICS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Kilowatt hours sold										
Residential	2,758,247	2,864,149	2,942,617	2,847,267	2,647,759	2,864,992	2,954,375	2,983,705	3,088,384	3,046,520
Off peak heating	2,384,351	2,821,492	3,124,387	2,963,626	2,510,458	2,901,579	2,788,170	2,908,079	2,965,714	2,533,853
Commerical lighting	921,494	992,232	1,035,544	1,092,154	1,055,877	1,170,293	1,126,791	1,194,609	1,082,091	1,217,837
Power	1,623,535	1,724,877	1,627,901	1,647,448	1,505,821	1,658,657	1,725,051	1,799,756	1,879,987	1,942,600
City usage	220,327	246,040	243,293	244,353	189,148	178,274	197,194	234,619	206,516	94,958
Water and sewer										
department usage	138,154	151,443	158,620	154,412	131,063	161,304	164,015	166,956	165,412	165,040
Total KWH sold	8,046,108	8,800,233	9,132,362	8,949,260	8,040,126	8,935,099	8,955,596	9,287,724	9,388,104	9,000,808
Add										
Electric plant usage	189,578	214,396	295,452	284,689	270,820	300,836	300,130	299,826	306,005	241,798
	8,235,686	9,014,629	9,427,814	9,233,949	8,310,946	9,235,935	9,255,726	9,587,550	9,694,109	9,242,606
Total KWH purchased	8,656,085	8,975,660	9,804,619	9,731,977	8,757,050	9,691,092	9,601,056	10,060,367	10,165,594	9,644,753
Line loss	(420,399)	38,969	(376,805)	(498,028)	(446,104)	(455,157)	(345,330)	(472,817)	(471,485)	(402,147)
Loss percentage of KWH purchased	4.86%	(0.43%) (1)	3.84%	5.12%	5.09%	4.70%	3.60%	4.70%	4.64%	4.17%

⁽¹⁾ During 2015, the City changed its billing cycle to correspond with its purchases creating additional hours sold.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Halstad, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Halstad, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 21, 2017.

The Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C. GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA

February 21, 2017



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor, City Council and Clerk-Treasurer City of Halstad Halstad, Minnesota

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Halstad as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 21, 2017. A qualified opinion was issued for the year ended December 31, 2016 over the governmental activities for not implementing Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* for the Fire Relief Association, which should be included in order to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Halstad's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and a deficiency we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2016-001 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2016-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Halstad's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Halstad's Response to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C. GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA

February 21, 2017

Porady Martz

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

2016-001

Criteria

The entity is required to maintain internal controls at a level where support for general ledger accounts can be developed and a determination can be made that the general ledger accounts are properly reflected in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Condition

During our audit, material adjusting journal entries were proposed in order to properly reflect the financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

Cause

The entity's internal controls have not been designed to address the specific training needs that are required to maintain the general ledger accounts on a GAAP basis.

Effect

An appropriate system of internal controls is not present to make a determination that the general ledger accounts are properly adjusted in compliance with GAAP prior to the audit.

Recommendation

We recommend that the entity reviews its current training system to determine if it is cost effective for the City to obtain this knowledge internally.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions

The planned completion for the corrective action plan is when it becomes cost effective.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

2016-002

Criteria

Generally, a system of internal control has the proper separation of duties between authorization, custody, record keeping and reconciliation.

Condition

There is not a system in place for accounting duties to be properly segregated between authorization, custody, record keeping and reconciliation.

Cause

Size and budget constraints limiting the number of personnel within the accounting department.

Effect

The design of the internal control over financial reporting could adversely affect the ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Recommendation

The areas should be reviewed periodically and consideration given to improving the segregation of duties. Compensating controls over the underlying financial information may be obtained through oversight by management and the board.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions

The planned completion for the corrective action plan is when it becomes cost effective.